Mapping to BSBWHS510A Contribute to Implementing Emergency Procedures

Note: While this unit is not directly covered in the book, information relating to this unit can be found in the following sections. Additional information on teaching this unit can be found in the Instructor Resource Manual on Emergency Response.

Element	Performance Criteria	Relates to sections
1. Identify potential emergencies	1.1 Apply knowledge of WHS hazards and <i>relevant standards</i> to identify causes of <i>potential emergencies</i>	1.1, 1.3, 6.3, 7.1
	1.2 Seek input of <i>stakeholders</i> in identifying potential emergencies	6.3
	1.3 Identify and liaise with appropriate <i>specialist advisors</i> and <i>emergency agencies</i> to identify causes of potential emergencies	6.3, 5.4, 8.3 6.2, 6.3
	1.4 Develop a <i>risk register</i> to identify potential emergencies and their causes	
2. Identify options for initial response	2.1 Categorise major types of potential emergencies	10.4
	2.2 Identify actions required to contain or limit potential emergencies	10.4
	2.3 Identify actions required to limit impact on personnel, property and the environment	10.4
	2.4 Identify requirements for liaison with emergency agencies	10.3, 10.4
	2.5 Prioritise actions to be taken during emergencies	
3. Plan initial response procedures	3.1 Identify <i>resources</i> available and required for immediate response	
	3.2 Check <i>emergency equipment</i> to ensure serviceability, accessibility, cleanliness and correct location	
	3.3 Document actions required for a range of major types of emergency, taking account of standards, current industry practice, specialist advice and input by emergency agencies	6.5
	3.4 Identify training needs and appropriate providers	12.4
4. Implement initial response procedures	4.1 Document and display actions for initial response4.2 Outline own role in emergency response4.3 Follow appropriate procedures	10.4
5. Contribute to post- event activities	5.1 Identify and support other personnel in the <i>second response phase</i>	
	5.2 Make contributions to debriefing processes	
6. Monitor emergency response and address deficiencies	6.1 Monitor responses to emergencies for efficiency and timeliness, in consultation with stakeholders and, as appropriate, specialist advisors and agencies	10.4

6.2 Document, and promptly and appropriately report, results of monitoring to <i>appropriate persons</i>	10.4
6.3 Identify areas for organisational and personal improvement and make recommendations for improvement in response to analysis of response taken	10.4