

a article

Grammar: an indefinite article. See ARTICLE.

a-

a prefix meaning not or without, as in asymmetrical. A variant is an-, as in anarchy.

WORD ORIGINS: Greek

SI unit of electric current (ampere).

AA

Alcoholics Anonymous.

aardvark (say ahd-vahk) noun a large, burrowing, African mammal which has a long snout and ears and

feeds on termites and ants. WORD ORIGINS: Afrikaans aarde earth + vark pig

AARNet

Australian Academic and Research Network.

AAT

- 1. Administrative Appeals
- 2. Australian Antarctic Te

ah-

a prefix meaning or away from, as in abnorm WORD ORIGINS: Lat

ΔR

able-bodied seaman.

aback adverb

1. Nautical: backwards.

2. taken aback, startled: She was taken aback by his rudeness.

abacus (say ab-a-cus) noun

1. a device used for counting by sliding beads along thin rods set in a frame.

2. Architecture: a flat slab forming part of the top of a column. WORD ORIGINS: Greek

abaft adverb, preposition Nautical: at or towards the stern.

abalone (say abba-lo-nee) noun an edible marine snail with an ear-shaped shell lined with motherof-pearl.

WORD ORIGINS: Spanish

abandon (1) verb

without leave something 1. to intending to return for it: We had to abandon all our possessions and flee.

2. to stop going on with: We abandoned the search after four days without any result.

Usage: The child abandoned himself to grief (= surrendered).

SIMILAR MEANING: for definition 1 desert, forsake, quit

WORD ORIGINS: Middle English, from Old Frence

abandon (2) John a freedom from restraint: The class cheered with great abandon. Wors Study: abandonment, noun.

WORD ORIGINS: French

base verb

humble or degrade: The prisoner abased himself before the judge. WORD FAMILY: abasement, noun.

abashed adjective ashamed or embarrassed. WORD FAMILY: abash, verb. WORD ORIGINS: Old French esbair to be astonished

abate (say a-bate) verb to lessen in amount or intensity: The storm gradually abated. WORD FAMILY: abatement, noun.

abattoir (say ab-a-twar) noun (often plural) a place where cattle, sheep, etc. are killed for food. WORD ORIGINS: French

- abbey (say ab-ee) noun a monastery or convent. 2. a church or house that was once part of an abbey, such as Westminster Abbev. WORD ORIGINS: Old French
- abbot noun the male head of an abbey. WORD FAMILY: abbess, noun, the female head of an abbey.
- abbreviate (say a-bree-vi-ate) verb to shorten or contract, especially a word or phrase. WORD ÔRIGINS: AB- + Latin brevis short



abbreviation

abbreviation noun 1. the act of abbreviating. 2. a shortened form of a word, especially one using only the first letter or letters. Compare CONTRACTION. ABC (1) noun the alphabet. ABC (2) Australian Broadcasting Corporation. abdicate verb 1. to renounce the throne. 2. to give up a claim, position, privilege, etc. WORD FAMILY: abdication, noun. abdomen (say ab-do-men) noun also called the belly 1. Anatomy: the region below the chest at the front of the trunk, containing the intestines. 2. the last section of an insect's or spider's body. WORD FAMILY: abdominal (sav abdom-in-al), adjective. WORD ORIGINS: Latin abduct verb to take away a person, illegally or by force. Compare KIDNAP. WORD FAMILY: abductor, noun, a person who abducts someone; abduction, noun. WORD ORIGINS: Latin abductus awav abeam (say a-beem) adverb Nautical: directly opposite the middle part of a ship. aberration (say ab-e-ray-shoh) noun 1. a deviation from the norma the normal course: He destroyed his own work in a moment of aberration. 2. Physics: the distortion of an image produced by a lens or mirror. Spherical aberration is a lack of clear focus caused by the use of a spherical rather than a parabolic surface and chromatic aberration is the presence of coloured fringes in the image cast by a simple lens. WORD FAMILY: aberrant (say aberrent), adjective. WORD ORIGINS: Latin aberrare to wander away abet (sav a-bet) verb (abetted, abetting) to encourage or assist someone to commit a crime. WORD FAMILY: abetter, abettor (Law), noun. abeyance (say a-bay-ance) noun a state of temporary inactivity: The project is in abeyance because of a lack of support.

abhor (say ab-hor) verb (abhorred, abhorring) to regard with hatred or disgust. WORD FAMILY: abhorrence, noun. Similar MEANING: abominate, detest, loathe **OPPOSITE** MEANING: esteem. respect, revere WORD ORIGINS: Latin abhorrere to shrink back

abhorrent (say ab-horrent) adjective causing disgust or horror. WORD FAMILY: abhorrently, adverb.

- abide verb
 - (abided or abode, abiding)
 - 1. to continue or remain.
 - 2. an old-fashioned word meaning to dwell.
 - 3. (informal) to relevate: I can't abide fools.
 - 4. abide by, ke to: He abided by his decision.

ability the quality of being able to do meth hσ.

\$*IMĪ* **A**R MEANING: capacity, competence, facility, power, skill, talent

- WORD ORIGINS: Latin habilitas aptitude
- abiogenesis (say ab-ee-o-jen-e-sis or a-by-o-jen-e-sis) noun see SPONTANEOUS GENERATION. WORD ORIGINS: A- + Greek bios life + genesis creation
- abiu (say ah-bee-oo) noun a fruit with a shiny yellow skin.

abject (say ab-ject) adjective 1. contemptible: an abject coward. 2. humble: an abject apology. 3. wretched: He lived in abject poverty. WORD FAMILY: abjectly, adverb; abjection, noun. WORD ORIGINS: AB- + Latin jactus thrown

abiure verb

to publicly renounce a belief, opinion, etc.: They abjured their allegiance to the deposed ruler. WORD FAMILY: abjuration, noun.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin abjurare to deny on oath

- ablative case (say ab-la-tive case) Grammar: see CASE (1).
- ablaze adverb, adjective on fire or lit up: The town was ablaze with lights.

able

able adjective

- 1. clever: He is an able man.
- 2. having the skill to do something: *Are you able to drive a car?*
- 3. having the opportunity or permission to do something: *Will you*
- be **able** to start work tomorrow?
- WORD FAMILY: ably, adverb.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin habilis fit, apt

-able

a suffix indicating: a) ability or tendency, as in *obtainable*; b) worthiness, as in *likable*. A variant is **-ible**, as in *visible*.

able-bodied adjective

healthy or strong.

abled adjective

not suffering from a physical or mental disability.

LANGUAGE NOTE: DIFFERENTLY ABLED is preferred by many to the term 'disabled' when describing people who have been physically malformed from birth or incapacitated as the result of injury. According to this view 'disabled' brings to mind an image of people who are less capable than others of living as active, independent and worthwhile contributors to society. Differently abled, however speaks of difference but without vis suggestion of inferiority.

ablution (say a-**bloo**-shon) name (usually plural) the act of washing oneself.

ABM

anti-ballistic missile.

- abnegate (say ab-ni-gate) verb to renounce: I will not abnegate my rights in this matter. WORD FAMILY: abnegation, noun. WORD ORIGINS: Latin abnegare to deny
- abnormal adjective different from what is normal or expected. WORD FAMILY: abnormally, adverb; abnormality, noun. SIMILAR MEANING: unusual OPPOSITE MEANING: normal, usual
- **aboard** *adverb*, *preposition* on a ship, train, aircraft, etc.
- abode (say a-bode) noun the place where one lives.abode verb a past tense of the verb abide.
- **abolish** (say a-**bol**-ish) verb to put an end to: It took many years to

abolish the slave trade.

WORD FAMILY: abolition (say ab-o-lish-on), abolishment, nouns.

abomasum (say ab-o-may-zum) noun the true stomach of ruminant mammals, e.g. cows. WORD ORIGINS: AB- + Latin omasum a paunch

A-bomb *noun* short form of **atomic bomb** see NUCLEAR WEAPON.

abominable (say a-bom-i-na-bl)

adjective dreadful or shocking.

WORD FAMILY: abominably, adverb; abomination, noun, a person or thing that is abominable; abominate, verb, to detest.

aboriginal (*say* ab-o-**rij**-in-al) *adjective* of or relating to an aborigine or aborigines.

Aboriginal corat-o-rij-in-al) adjective of or planne to an Aborigine or Aborigine Aborigine an Aborigine.

aborgine (*say* ab-o-**rij**-in-ee) *noun* any of the original inhabitants of a country.

Aborigine (say ab-o-rij-in-ee) noun any of the original inhabitants of Australia.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin *ab origine* from the beginning

TRICKY WORDS: ABORIGINE or ABORIGINAL? There is little agreement about a standard approach to using Aborigine and Aboriginal. The approach preferred by this dictionary is to use both Aborigine and Aborigines as nouns (one Aborigine in a tribe of Aborigines) and Aboriginal as an adjective (Aboriginal rock art). Aborigine and Aboriginal always have an initial capital letter when they refer to the indigenous people of Australia.

abortifacient (say a-bor-ti-fay-shent) adjective of or relating to any substance inducing an abortion. WORD FAMILY: abortifacient, noun.

abortion (say a-bor-shon) noun

1. the expulsion or removal of a human foetus from the uterus before the foetus is capable of independent survival, usually before the 28th week.

2. anything that is a failure.



abound

3. a monstrous creature or thing. WORD FAMILY: abort, verb; abortive, adjective, unsuccessful; abortionist, noun. WORD ORIGINS: Latin abortus a miscarriage abound verb to be plentiful. about preposition, adverb 1. around: He looked about as he walked 2. on the subject of: What is the book about? 3. approximately: She ran about 14 kilometres. 4. engaged in doing: What are you about? 5. about to, just going to: She is about to iump. 6. up and about, out of bed, active: She won't be up and about for at least a week. about-face, about-turn verb to turn so as to face the opposite direction. WORD FAMILY: about-face. about-turn, nouns, a sudden reversal. above adverb, preposition in a higher position: The sun rose above the horizon. Usage: There were above 400 people the meeting (= more than). WORD FAMILY: above, adjective. aboveboard adverb, adjective open and honest. Abp Archbishop. abracadabra (say a a-dab-ra) interjection an exclamation used as a magic spell. abrade verb to scrape off or wear away by rubbing. WORD ORIGINS: Latin abradere to scrape off abrasion noun 1. the act or process of abrading. 2. a place where something has been rubbed away. abrasive adjective serving to abrade. 2. (of a personality, etc.) harsh, irritating or annoving. abrasive noun something that abrades. abreast adverb side by side: They marched five abreast. abridge verb

to shorten: The book was **abridged** for publication in serial form.

away

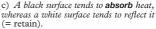
WORD FAMILY: abridgment. abridgement, noun. abroad adverb 1. in or to another country: We went abroad for our holidays. 2. outside: He did not venture abroad all day. Usage: Vicious rumours are abroad (= circulating).abrogate (say ab-ro-gate) verb to repeal or annul: to **abrogate** a law. WORD FAMILY: abrogation, noun. WORD ORIGINS: Latin abrogare to repeal abrupt adjective 1. sudden or unexpected. 2. discourteously brief, especially in manner. Word FAMILY: abruptly, adverb; abruptness, noun aurupiness, noun SIMILAR MEANING for definition 2 brusque, cur, shork, terse OPPOSITE MEANING: for definition 2 bid or for definition 2 civil, courteous, gallant, polite abscess (say ab-sess) noun an acute, local, bacterial infection containing pus, such as a boil. WORD FAMILY: abscessed, adjective. abscissa (say ab-siss-a) noun Mathematics: the horizontal distance of a point from the origin of a graph; the x coordinate. Compare ORDINATE. abscission (say ab-sizh-on) noun the act of cutting off. WORD FAMILY: abscind (say ab-sind), verb. WORD ORIGINS: Latin abscissio a cleaving abscond (say ab-scond) verb leave suddenly or to secretly, especially after doing wrong: She absconded with the money. WORD ORIGINS: Latin abscondere to hide away abseil (say ab-sale) verb to lower oneself down a cliff or steep slope using a rope. absent (say ab-sent) adjective 1. away: She was absent from school. 2. inattentive or preoccupied: He had an absent look about him. WORD FAMILY: absent (say ab-sent), verb, to take or keep (oneself) away; absently, *adverb*; absence, *noun*; absentee (*say* ab-sen-tee), *noun*, a person who is absent. WORD ORIGINS: Latin absens being

absenteeism

absenteeism (say ab-sen-tee-izm) noun the practice of staying away from one's place of work, study, property, etc. habitually or without good excuse or permission. absentee landowner a person who owns land, such as a farm, often solely for investment purposes, and who lives elsewhere. absent-minded adjective vague or forgetful. WORD FAMILY: absent-mindedly, adverb; absent-mindedness, noun. Similar Meaning: inattentive. preoccupied absolute (say ab-so-loot) adjective complete, perfect or unlimited: The day was an absolute success. / The dictator had absolute power. WORD FAMILY: absolutely, adverb. WORD ORIGINS: Latin absolutus freed absolute alcohol Chemistry: ethyl alcohol, at least 99 per cent pure by mass. absolute humidity see HUMIDITY. absolute majority a winning number of votes which is more than the combined vot received by all other candidate parties in an election. absolute temperature Physics: the temperature measured from absolute zero. absolute zero the Physics: temperature possible, which is equal to 0 kelvin (-273.15°C). absolutism (say ab-so-loot-izm) noun the principle or practice of absolute power and control, especially in government. WORD FAMILY: absolutist, noun, a supporter of absolutism; absolutist, adjective. absolve verb to pardon or release from guilt, blame, obligation, etc. WORD FAMILY: absolution (say ab-soloo-shon), noun. absorb verb to take in or soak up: The sponge absorbed the water. Compare ADSORB. Usages:

a) She was completely absorbed by the book (= engrossed).

b) The international corporation absorbed its competitors (= took over).



WORD FAMILY: absorbent, adjective; absorption, noun.

WORD ORIGINS: AB- + Latin sorbere to suck in

abstain verb

to refrain voluntarily from doing something: Some people abstain from drinking alcohol. / He abstained from voting.

WORD FAMILY: abstinence (say absti-nence), noun, self-restraint; abstention. noun, the act of abstaining; abstainer, noun, a person who abstains.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin abstinere to keep away from

abstemious (say ab-stee-mee-us) adjective

tending to eat and drink sparingly.

abstract (so **b**-stract) adjective 1. concerning things which have no real or physical existence, such as idea

2. based on theory: abstract arguments.

Art: not representing people or things as they would be seen by a camera, but relying on colour, form, etc.

abstract noun

1. the state of being abstract.

2. a summary: She handed out an abstract of her paper.

abstract (say ab-stract) verb

to remove or take away.

WORD FAMILY: abstractly, adverb; abstraction, noun.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin abstractus drawn away

abstracted adjective preoccupied, lost in thought: She had a vague, abstracted look.

abstract noun

Grammar: see NOUN.

abstruse (say abs-trooce) adjective obscure or difficult to understand: I couldn't follow the lawyer's abstruse argument.

WORD FAMILY: abstrusely, adverb; abstruseness, noun.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin abstrusus hidden

TRICKY WORDS: see OBTUSE.

absurd adjective

foolish or illogical.

WORD FAMILY: absurdly, adverb; absurdity, noun, a) the quality of



abundance

being absurd, b) something which is as the wattle, with very small, yellow absurd. flowers massed together into balls or WORD ORIGINS: Latin absurdus out of rods. tune academic (say ac-a-dem-ic) adjective abundance (say a-bun-dance) noun 1. of or relating to learning or studies, especially in a university or a full or ample supply or amount. WORD FAMILY: abundant, adjective; similar institution. abundantly, adverb. 2. theoretical rather than practical: That is just an academic quibble. abuse (say ab-yooz) verb academic noun 1. to use wrongly or maltreat: Never a person who teaches or does research abuse a chisel by using it as a in a university or similar institution. screwdriver. WORD FAMILY: academically, adverb. 2. to speak insultingly to: The drunk academy (say a-cad-e-mee) noun abused the waiter. 1. a scientific or artistic association: 3. to ill-treat or maltreat, especially the Australian Academy of Science. physically or sexually. 2. a private school for practical abuse (say ab-yooce) noun subjects: an academy of hairdressing. 1. wrong or improper use. 3. a private secondary school. maltreatment, 2. ill-treatment or especially physical or sexual: child WORD ORIGINS: ACADEMY, from the abuse. 3. excessive or illegal use: drug abuse. insulting remarks. WORD FAMILY: abusive, adjective; abusively, adverb; abusiveness, noun. abut (say a-but) verb (abutted, abutting) to border on or be next to: The farm abuts the park. 2. abutment noun Architecture: a supporting structur extending from the ends or piers bridge. abuzz adverb, adjective truck. buzzing. abysmal (say a-biz-mal) 1. of, like or as deep as a abvss: Your 1. an abysmal ignorance appals me. movement. 2. (informal) very bad: I thought the 2. Physics: performance was abysmal. WORD FAMILY: abysmally, adverb. abyss (say a-biss) noun 1. an immeasurable depth or chasm. 2. anything very profound or deep: He mourned in an abyss of grief. WORD ORIGINS: Greek abyssos bottomless aca variant of the prefix ad-. throttle. a.c. Electricity: alternating current. AC Companion of the Order of Australia. accent noun A/C 1. account.

Greek Akademeiar was the garden near ancient Athens where the philosopher Plato tauging the word came to mean the philosophical school of Plato, and later, ally place or institution where the arts and orderices are taught.

accede (say ac-seed) verb

to agree: *I accede to your request.* 2. to attain a position, office, etc.: The prince acceded to the throne.

accelerate (say ac-sel-e-rate) verb 1. to move or cause to move faster: The car accelerated and passed the

2. Physics: to change velocity.

acceleration noun

increase in swiftness of

the vector quantity describing the rate of change in velocity of an object, including linear acceleration, expressed in metres per second per second, and angular acceleration, expressed in radians per second per second.

accelerator (say ac-sel-e-ray-ter) noun 1. a device to increase or control speed, especially the device in a motor vehicle which controls the

2. Physics: a device to alter the velocity of subatomic particles: a nuclear accelerator. See CYCLOTRON.

1. a particular way of pronouncing a language: She speaks French with an American accent.

2. Language: any of the marks used with letters to change their sound or to indicate stress:

2. current account.

acacia (say a-cay-sha) noun any of a group of trees or shrubs, such a) an acute may indicate stress or pronunciation: attaché (say a-tashay).

b) a grave (say grahv) generally flattens the vowel sound, as in French: père (say pair).

c) a circumflex indicates a dropped s, as in French: arrêter (= to arrest or stop).

d) a tilde (say til-da) introduces the sound of a y, as in Spanish: señor (say sen-vor).

e) a cedilla (say sa-dill-a) softens a hard c(k) to a soft c(s) as in French: façade (say fa-sahd).

f) a dieresis (say dy-erra-siss), placed over the second of two adjacent vowels, indicates that both vowel sounds should be pronounced: noël (say no-el).

g) an umlaut (say **oom**-lowt), indicates a change from the normal vowel sound, as in German: Köln (say kerln).

any stress or emphasis.

4. Art, Music: any part of a work which is emphasised to highlight or intensify a mood, theme or effect.

WORD FAMILY: accent (say ac-sent), verb; accentual, adjective.

accentuate (say ac-sent-yoo-ate) verb to emphasise. WORD FAMILY: accentuation, non

accept (say ac-sept) verb to receive, especially with ъþ Please accept my apologies. WORD FAMILY: acceptable, adjective, welcome or worthy of being accepted. HOMOPHONES: accept sounds like except 'excluding or leaving out' WORD acceptus ORIGINS: Latin received

acceptance noun

1. the act of taking or receiving something offered.

2. Commerce: an agreement to pay a draft, order or bill of exchange.

3. Horseracing: (plural) the list of horses accepted to compete in a race.

access (say ac-sess) noun

1. a means of entry or approach: The only access to the island is by boat.

2. the right or opportunity of reaching, approaching, etc., such as the right of a divorced parent to visit the children.

access verb

1. to gain entry to the memory of a computer.

2. to obtain data from a computer.

WORD FAMILY: accessible (say ac-

sess-i-bl), adjective, able to be reached or obtained; accessibility, noun.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin accessus an approach

accession noun

1. the act of acceding: The country celebrated the queen's accession to the throng

2. an addition or increase: Numbers rose with the accession of new members.

accessory (say ac-sess-o-ree) noun

1. a) any extra non-essential item: Most cars today have a radio as an accessory. b) (plural) any additional items of clothing, such as shoes, handbags, etc. to complement one's dress.

2. Law: any person who helps a criminal before or after a crime.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin accessio an addition

accident (suc ac-si-dent) noun 1. anything that is unexpected or uning thing that is unexpected or uning the superstant of the superstant of the superstant 2. any unfortunate event, especially one involving injury: a car accident.

accidental adjective

occurring by chance.

accidental noun

Music: a sign used before a note to indicate change to a sharp, flat or natural.

WORD FAMILY: accidentally, adverb.

TRICKY WORDS: ACCIDENTAL or INCIDENTAL? These words are sometimes confused because they sound alike and have related meanings. Accidental something that occurs describes unexpectedly or unintentionally, while incidental refers to something that accompanies an event or is of secondary importance.

acclaim (say a-claim) verb

to applaud or express loud approval. WORD FAMILY: acclaim, acclamation, nouns.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin acclamate to shout approval

acclimatise (say a-clime-a-tize) acclimatize verb to make or become used to something

new: It took a month to become acclimatised to the tropical heat. WORD FAMILY: acclimatisation, noun.

acclivity (say ac-liv-it-ee) noun any upward slope.

accolade

accolade (say ac-o-lade) noun

1. a ceremonial touching of the shoulder with a sword, a symbol of the award of knighthood.

2. a special recognition of, or praise for, merit: Her courageous effort in the final won accolades from the crowd.

accommodate (say a-com-o-date) verb

 to do a favour for, especially by providing something: Can you accommodate me with a loan?
 to adapt: It takes a few minutes for my eyes to accommodate to the dark.
 to have rooms or beds for: The hotel accommodates 14 guests.

WORD ORIGINS: Latin, fitting, suited

accommodation noun

1. the act of accommodating.

2. any rooms provided for visitors or paying guests, such as in a hotel.

accommodation ladder

steps over the side or stern of a ship used to climb aboard from boats alongside.

accompaniment

(say a-cum-pa-nee-ment) noun anything that goes with or adds to another: There was no piano accompaniment for the singer. WORD FAMILY: accompanist (say a cum-pa-nist), noun, a person who plays a musical accompaniment.

accompany (say a-cum-pa-hee) werb to exist, or go, with We will accompany you to the airport to provide an accompaniment to.

accomplice (say a-cum-pliss) noun a partner in crime or wrongdoing. SIMILAR MEANING: accessory, henchman

accomplish (say a-cum-plish) verb to bring about or complete successfully: He accomplished his task ahead of time.

accomplished adjective 1. already done: My task is accomplished. 2. skilled: an accomplished singer.

accomplishment noun

1. something achieved.

2. an acquired skill: *His many* **accomplishments** *include horseriding and operatic singing.*

accord (say a-cord) verb

1. to agree or be in harmony: What he said today doesn't accord with what he said yesterday.

2. to give or grant: *He was accorded a warm welcome.*

accord noun

1. an agreement or harmony: *The government representative signed the* **accord**.

2. of one's own accord, voluntarily: *She did it quite of her own accord.*

3. with one accord, spontaneously together: *The whole crowd cheered with one accord*.

WORD FAMILY: accordance, noun; accordant, adjective; accordingly, adverb, therefore or for that reason.

according adverb

according to, a) in relation to: We sorted the fruit according to size. b) as stated by: According to all reports she's quite mad.

accordion noun

a portable keyed musical instrument with two sets of the provided that are made to vibrate by air from a set of bellows.

WORD FAMILY: accordionist, noun.

accost (vay a-cost) verb

to **freet** or approach, often offensively: *The beggar* **accosted** *me in the areet*.

account noun

1. any statement which lists, describes or explains: *The radio gave a full account of the match. / The clerk kept the financial accounts.*

2. an agreement allowing one to buy goods on credit, of which a record is kept.

3. see BANK ACCOUNT.

4. importance: It's an issue of no account.

WORD FAMILY: account, verb.

accountable *adjective*

1. able to be explained.

2. responsible: *I'm not accountable for your debts.*

WORD FAMILY: accountably, adverb; accountability, noun.

accountant noun

a person who records and examines the financial transactions of a business. *WORD FAMILY:* accounting, accountancy, nouns.

accoutrements (say a-coot-re-ments) plural noun

1. a soldier's equipment, apart from clothes and weapons.

2. any equipment.

WORD FAMILY: accoutre (say a-kooter), verb, to equip.

WORD ORIGINS: French

accredit

accredit verb

1. to give credit for: She is accredited with several inventions.

to authorise or recognise officially: As ambassador she is the accredited representative of her country. WORD FAMILY: accreditation, noun.

accretion (say a-cree-shon) noun any growth or increase by addition. WORD FAMILY: accrete, verb. WORD ORIGINS: Latin accretio an increasing

accrue (say a-croo) verb (accrued, accruing)

to occur as a natural increase or addition: Interest accrues at 8 per cent a vear.

WORD FAMILY: accrual, noun, a) the act of accruing, b) an entry in an account representing a debt which is due but which has not yet been paid.

accrued interest

Commerce: see INTEREST.

acculturation (say a-cul-ture-ay-shon) noun

Anthropology: the process in which a person or group adopts the customs of a society by social or economic necessity.

accumulate (say ac-yoom-yoo-late verb

to gather or pile up.

WORD FAMILY: accumulation, n b a) the act of accumulating, number of things collected together;

accumulative, adjective, WORD ORIGINS: Latin accumulare to heap up

accumulator noun

1. a person or thing that accumulates. 2. Electricity: any rechargeable battery, such as a car battery.

accurate (say ac-yoo-rate) adjective free from error or deviation: My new watch is more accurate than my old one. / He made an accurate guess. WORD FAMILY: accurately, adverb; accuracy, accurateness, nouns.

SIMILAR MEANING: correct, exact WORD ORIGINS: Latin accuratus prepared with care

- accursed (say a-curst or a-cur-sed) adiective
 - 1. under a curse.

2. (informal) hateful or irritating: This accursed knife is blunt.

accusative case (say ac-yoo-za-tiv case)

Grammar: see CASE (1).

accuse (say ac-yooz) verb

to blame with having done wrong: I accuse you of stealing the money.

WORD FAMILY: accusation (say acvoo-zav-shon), noun; accusatory. adjective.

accused noun

Law: the defendant in a criminal court case

accustom verb

to become familiar with through use or habit: You'll have to accustom vourself to our strange ways.

WORD FAMILY: accustomed, adjective, a) familiar with, b) usual or customary.

ace noun

1. a playing card with a single pip, the highest or lowest card in its suit.

2. a person who excels in a particular field, such as a fighter pilot.

3. *Tennis:* a serve which the opposing player is unable to touch with his or her racquer. *WORD* **PLOTT:** ace, *verb*, to play an

ace

acerbic (say a-ser-bic) adjective sharp or bitter.

WORD FAMILY: acerbity, noun; acerbate (say ass-er-bate), verb. WORD ORIGINS: Latin acerbus bitter

acetate (say ass-e-tate) noun Chemistry: a salt or ester of acetic acid.

acetic acid (say a-see-tic assid) Chemistry: see ETHANOIC ACID.

acetone (say ass-e-tone) noun Chemistry: colourless, highly a inflammable liquid (formula CH₃COCH₃), used as an industrial solvent, in making rayon, and as nail polish remover.

acetylene (say a-set-i-leen) noun 1. Chemistry: a colourless, poisonous flammable gas (formula C_2H_2) used in making organic compounds and in welding.

(plural) see ALKYNES.

acetylsalicylic acid (say a-settil-salla-sill-ic assid) see ASPIRIN.

ache (say ake) noun any dull, continuous pain. WORD FAMILY: ache, verb.

achieve (say a-cheev) verb to attain or accomplish something. WORD FAMILY: achiever, noun, a person who achieves; achievement, noun.

SIMILAR MEANING: fulfil, realise



Achilles' heel

Achilles' heel (say a-kill-eez heel) a fatal weakness.

WORD ORIGINS: ACHILLES' HEEL COMES from the tale of Achilles, a hero in Greek mythology. Achilles' mother, wishing to make him immortal, took her son by one heel and dipped him in the river Styx; the only place on his body untouched by the waters was the heel in her hand. During the siege of Troy, Achilles was killed by an arrow wound to his heel, the only vulnerable spot on his body.

achromatic (say ay-cro-mat-ic)

adiective

1. being colourless, and therefore composed of black, white and grey tones only.

2. Physics: (of a lens or mirror) having been corrected for chromatic aberration

3. Music: without accidentals or changes in key.

acid (sav ass-id) noun

1. Chemistry: a substance which liberates hydrogen ions when dissolved in water. Example: hydrochloric acid (formula HCl) dissociates in water to form one hydrogen ion (H⁺) and one chloride ion (Cl-). Compare BASE (1). 2. (informal) lysergic acid

diethylamide (LSD).

acid adjective

sharp or bitter: an acid taste / g comment.

WORD FAMILY: acidly, advert; acidity, noun; acidify (acidified acidifying), verb; acidic, adjective WORD ORIGINS: Latin acidus sour

acid house

any music with a heavy beat that includes dialogue, laughter and screams.

WORD ORIGINS: ACID HOUSE MUSIC started in Chicago in the mid-1980s. House is a shortened form of 'Warehouse', the name of a nightclub in Chicago where House music was first performed. The music has a fast, thumping, rhythmic pulse and is often associated with the use of the drug ecstasy, also known as acid.

acid rain

any rain which contains high levels of acid discharged into the atmosphere as waste products from factories and industrial processes, and which is harmful to crops.

acid test

any decisive or crucial test.

acidulous (say a-sid-yoo-luss) adjective slightly sour or caustic. WORD FAMILY: acidulate, verb, to make or become sour.

ack-ack noun anti-aircraft fire or guns.

acknowledge (say ac-noll-age) verb 1. to confess or accept responsibility for: Will you acknowledge your mistake? 2. to mention having received something, etc.: I would like to

acknowledge your letter. WORD FAMILY: acknowledgment, acknowledgement, noun.

- acme (say ac-mee) noun the peak or highest point: the acme of perfection.
- **acne** (*say* **ac**-nee) *noun* an inflammation of the skin, common in adolescence causing pimples.
- acolyte (sea accollice) noun
 Christian a person who assists the prises at tenfous services, especially at the Evcharist. Also called a server.
 any assistant or helper.

ORD ORIGINS: Greek

acorn (say ay-corn) noun

the fruit of the oak tree, consisting of a nut in cup-shaped holder.

ACOSS

Australian Council of Social Service.

acoustic (say a-coo-stic) acoustical adjective

1. a) of or relating to hearing. b) of or relating to the study of sound.

2. Music: of or relating to any instrument whose sound electronically amplified. is not

WORD FAMILY: acoustically, adverb.

acoustic coupler

a device that converts data from one computer into a form that can be transmitted along telephone lines to another computer.

acoustics plural noun

1. (used with singular verb) a branch of physics which studies sound.

2. the properties of a particular space which determine the quality of sound.

acoustic tile

a tile made of a soft substance such as cork, etc., used to absorb sound in buildings.

acquaint (say a-kwaint) verb

to make familiar: Who will acquaint him with the facts?

